

however, some xiphydriids are scarce and not commonly collected, and its presence in this country may have gone unnoticed for some time.

I thank R. L. Fischer, Michigan State University, for the opportunity to study specimens in their collection.

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#### NOTE

##### Heteroptera Records from the Grand Cayman Island

Dr. J. F. Gates Clarke, Research Associate of the National Museum of Natural History, collected 40 Heteropterans on the Grand Cayman Island during short stays in February 1980, May 1981, and January 1983. Included were seven species: Scutelleridae: *Diolcus disjunctus* Barber, Eastern District, May. Pentatomidae: *Thyanta perditor* (Fabricius), Western District, Feb. Coreidae: *Leptoglossus gonagra* (Fabricius), Western District, Jan. Lygaeidae: *Craspeduchus pulchellus* (Fabricius), Interior, Western District, Feb.; *Oncopeltus fasciatus* (Dallas), Western District, Feb. Pyrrhocoridae: *Dysdercus mimulus mimulus* Hussey, South Sound, Feb. and May. Reduviidae: *Zelus longipes* (Linnaeus), Western District, Feb.

The finding of published records for but one of these species—*C. pulchellus*—on that island can only be interpreted as stressing our ignorance of its Heteroptera fauna. The information provides no startling extensions of ranges because all the species had been previously reported from the West Indies and all but one—*D. disjunctus* (previously known only from Puerto Rico)—also range onto the continental land masses to the north, west and south of the West Indies.

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